



Cambridge O Level

HISTORY (MAURITIUS AND MODERN WORLD AFFAIRS)

2162/01

Paper 1 Mauritius and Modern World Affairs

October/November 2024

2 hours



You must answer on the answer booklet/paper.

You will need: Answer booklet/paper

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **four** questions in total:
 - Answer **at least one** question from Section A.
 - Answer **at least two** questions from Section B.
- If you have been given an answer booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet.
- Use a black or dark blue pen.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on all the work you hand in.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- At the end of the examination, fasten all your work together. Do **not** use staples, paper clips or glue.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- Each question is worth 20 marks and is made up of two parts. Each part is worth 10 marks.

This document has **4** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

Section A: International Relations and Developments

- 1 Describe the way in which Germany lost land in the Treaty of Versailles. Explain why the Germans did **not** want to sign the Treaty.
- 2 Describe the work of the agencies of the League of Nations. Explain why the League failed to stop the Italian invasion of Abyssinia.
- 3 Describe the decisions made about Germany at the Yalta and Potsdam conferences. Explain why the Soviet Union took control of territories in eastern Europe in the years up to 1948.
- 4 Describe the strengths and weaknesses of the United Nations. Explain why the UN had some success in dealing with the Congo Crisis (1960–64).

Section B: History of Mauritius

1 Ile de France 1715 to 1810

- 5 Describe the work of Cossigny in the Ile de France in the years 1732–35. Explain why Labourdonnais was successful as governor of the Ile de France.
- 6 Describe the effects of the Seven Years' War on the Ile de France. Explain why Pierre Poivre was important in the history of the island.
- 7 Describe how the corsairs helped protect the Ile de France at the end of the eighteenth century. Explain why the French Revolution of 1789 had a limited impact on the island.
- 8 Describe how the Ile de France became a British possession in 1810. Explain why Decaen was a successful captain-general in the years 1803–10.

2 British Mauritius from 1810 to 1922

- 9 Describe how the sugar industry grew in Mauritius in the years 1810–60. Explain the reasons for this growth.
- 10 Describe the problems faced by Port Louis in the years 1810–69. Explain why the British found it difficult to overcome these difficulties.
- 11 Describe the work of Adolphe de Plevitz in Mauritius. Explain why the recommendations of the Royal Commission of 1872 were **not** carried out.
- 12 Describe the disagreements between the Oligarchs and Democrats in the early years of the twentieth century. Explain why Manilal Maganlal Doctor is important in the history of Mauritius.

3 Towards a modern Mauritius: 1922 to 2000

- 13** Describe the main events of the Dock Strike in 1938. Explain why there was continued unrest in Mauritius after 1938.
- 14** Describe the main terms of the Mackenzie-Kennedy Constitution of 1947. Explain why the elections of 1948 and 1953 were important in the development of democracy in Mauritius.
- 15** Describe improvements made in public health in Mauritius in the twentieth century. Explain why standards in education rose in this period.
- 16** Describe how the economy of Mauritius has diversified since independence. Explain why tourism is important to Mauritius.

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