



Cambridge International Examinations
Cambridge Ordinary Level

HISTORY

2171/01

(FOR CANDIDATES IN BRUNEI)

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

October/November 2017

1 hour

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet
Soft clean eraser
Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A, B, C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

This document consists of **8** printed pages.



- 1 What name was given to feudal serfs in Brunei?
 - A Hamba
 - B Manteri
 - C Rakyat
 - D Wazir

- 2 According to the Anglo–Dutch treaty (1824), which Dutch-controlled territory was given to Britain?
 - A Bencoolen
 - B Malacca
 - C Penang
 - D Rhio-Lingga

- 3 In 1842, how much did James Brooke agree to pay the Sultan as an annual tribute?
 - A \$255
 - B \$2550
 - C \$25 500
 - D \$255 000

- 4 What position was first held by Joseph Balestier?
 - A American Consul-General in Brunei
 - B British Resident in Brunei
 - C Governor of Labuan
 - D Director of the British North Borneo (Chartered) Company

- 5 When did Britain send Sir Frederick Weld to Brunei to persuade Sultan Hashim to agree to British protection?
 - A 1885
 - B 1887
 - C 1889
 - D 1901

- 6 Which was **not** one of the new responsibilities given to the police in Brunei in 1920?
 - A enforcing land rights
 - B licensing of dogs
 - C licensing of firearms
 - D registering of bicycles

- 7 When was the first government hospital opened in Brunei?
 - A 1909
 - B 1919
 - C 1929
 - D 1939

- 8 What was the size of the Japanese army which invaded Brunei in December 1941?
- A 1000 men
 - B 10 000 men
 - C 50 000 men
 - D 100 000 men
- 9 Which Governor-General of Malaya visited Brunei in 1947?
- A Cowie
 - B Lyton
 - C MacDonald
 - D Scott
- 10 What was **not** an area of focus in the First National Development plan?
- A establishing Muara as a freeport
 - B expansion of education
 - C installation of telephone systems
 - D provision of water supplies
- 11 What was set up by Raffles in Singapore?
- A a Colonial Office
 - B an Executive Council
 - C a Legislative Council
 - D a Town Planning Committee
- 12 What happened to the Straits Settlements in 1867?
- A The headquarters of the Straits Settlements were moved to Singapore.
 - B The Straits Settlements became a crown colony.
 - C The Straits Settlements introduced a new currency.
 - D The Straits Settlements introduced free trade.

- 13** Who invited the British to intervene in Perak in 1873?
- A** Abdullah
 - B** Ibrahim
 - C** Ismail
 - D** Yusof
- 14** According to the Pangkor Engagement, who was to pay the salary of the Resident of Perak?
- A** the British government
 - B** the Governor-General
 - C** the State Council
 - D** the Sultan
- 15** Where was the capital of the Federated Malay States?
- A** Kuala Lumpur
 - B** Malacca
 - C** Port Swettenham
 - D** Singapore
- 16** From which direction was Singapore attacked by the Japanese in 1942?
- A** east
 - B** north
 - C** south
 - D** west
- 17** Who was the first President of the United Malays National Organisation?
- A** Dato Onn bin Jaafar
 - B** Encik Yusof bin Ishak
 - C** Ibrahim bin Haji Yaacob
 - D** Tunku Abdul Rahman

- 18** What happened to Sir Henry Gurney in 1951?
- A** He became High Commissioner.
 - B** He was knighted by the British king.
 - C** He was murdered by communists.
 - D** He was recalled to Britain.
- 19** In the Merdeka Constitution (1957), who chose the ministers and cabinet?
- A** the British queen
 - B** the head of state
 - C** the prime minister
 - D** the Sultans
- 20** In the September 1962 referendum in Singapore, what percentage voted in favour of joining Malaysia?
- A** 30% **B** 50% **C** 70% **D** 90%
- 21** In what year did Governor Van der Capellen prohibit land-leasing?
- A** 1819 **B** 1821 **C** 1823 **D** 1825
- 22** What happened at Magelang in 1830?
- A** Dipo Negoro had a great victory.
 - B** Dipo Negoro was murdered.
 - C** The Dutch began building a road across Java.
 - D** There were peace talks.
- 23** Which statement best describes the Culture System?
- A** It was based on rules laid down by Governor-General Jean Baud.
 - B** It was criticised because it favoured the 'Outer Provinces'.
 - C** It was replaced by the Ethical Policy.
 - D** It was very profitable for the Dutch.

- 24 Which organisation organised a series of strikes in Indonesia between 1923 and 1926?
- A Budi Utomo
 - B Partai Komunis Indonesia (P.K.I.)
 - C Partai Nasional Indonesia (P.N.I.)
 - D Sarekat Islam
- 25 Who was made Chairman of the Commission for Indonesian Independence in 1945?
- A Hatta
 - B Sukarno
 - C Tan Malaka
 - D Wediodiningrat
- 26 Who led the British forces responsible for disarming the Japanese troops after their surrender?
- A Christison
 - B Deventer
 - C Koiso
 - D Poorten
- 27 How many states made up the United States of Indonesia, which was formed in December 1949?
- A 6 B 16 C 26 D 36
- 28 Which was **not** a Siamese vassal state at the beginning of the nineteenth century?
- A Kedah
 - B Kelantan
 - C Selangor
 - D Terengganu
- 29 In the 1909 Bangkok Treaty, how much did Britain agree to lend Siam to build a railway?
- A £40 000 B £400 000 C £4 000 000 D £40 000 000

- 30 Who set up the Wild Tiger Corps?
- A Ananda
 - B Chulalongkorn
 - C Mongkut
 - D Vajiravudh
- 31 When was there a royalist coup in Siam?
- A 1931
 - B 1933
 - C 1935
 - D 1937
- 32 Who was Prime Minister of Thailand when the Second World War broke out in 1941?
- A Khuang Aphaiwong
 - B Phya Pahon
 - C Pibul Songgram
 - D Pridi Panomyong
- 33 What was **not** a feature of Thailand by 1950?
- A It was anti-communist.
 - B It was a democracy.
 - C Its parliament consisted mostly of army officers.
 - D It was ruled by King Bhumibol.
- 34 What religion did the Spanish introduce to the Philippines?
- A Buddhism
 - B Christianity
 - C Hinduism
 - D Islam
- 35 When was the Tayabas mutiny?
- A 1803
 - B 1823
 - C 1833
 - D 1843

- 36 Which is a true statement about Jose Rizal?
- A He founded the Katipunan.
 - B He supported armed revolution.
 - C He trained as a lawyer.
 - D He wrote Noli Me Tangere.
- 37 The policies of which Governor-General led to mass resignations from government by Filipinos in 1923?
- A Gilmore
 - B Stimson
 - C Taft
 - D Wood
- 38 What was **not** a term of the Hare–Hawes–Cutting Independence Act (1932)?
- A American naval bases in the Philippines would continue.
 - B Filipino immigration into the USA was to be restricted.
 - C Sugar imports into the USA would be increased.
 - D The Philippines would be given independence after 10 years.
- 39 According to the Tydings–McDuffie Act (1934), when would the Philippines become fully independent?
- A July 1943
 - B July 1944
 - C July 1945
 - D July 1946
- 40 Where did Japanese forces land in December 1941?
- A Cebu
 - B Luzon
 - C Mindanao
 - D Palawan